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| **Concept**  | **Definition**  |
| **Settlement**  | Understand that a settlement is where people have come to live and have built their homes. Understand that settlements are often located near to natural resources. Understand that settlements can have different functions |
| **Climate**  | Understand that climate is the weather in a location over a long period of time. Understand that climate varies depending on the location’s proximity to the equator. Understand that the closer a location is to the equator, the hotter it is and the closer a location is to the poles, the cooler it is. Understand that the climate has a significant impact on the environment of a location. |
| **Environment**  | Understand that the environment is everything around us. It is the natural world of land, sea, air, plants and animals. Understand that living things are affected by their environment and can also affect the environment they live in. Environments consist of both human and physical features. |
| **Physical Features** | Understand that physical features are natural features in an environment. Understand that physical features can include: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather and volcanoes. |
| **Human Features** | Understand that human features are features in an environment that have been made by people. Understand that human features can include: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop. |
| **Continents**  | Understand that countries are grouped into landmasses and these are continents. Know that there are seven continents in the world: Europe, North America, South America, Africa, Asia, Oceania and Antarctica |
| **Oceans and Seas**  | Understand that oceans are large bodies of water. Know that there are five oceans in the world: Atlantic Ocean, Pacific Ocean, Indian Ocean, Southern Ocean and Arctic Ocean. Understand that a sea is a small part of an ocean and seas are often where an ocean and land meet. |
| **Biomes**  | Understand that a biome is a region with specific plants and animals and there are lots of different biomes in the world. Understand that environment, climate, vegetation and terrain determine what kind of biome an area is.  |
| **Diversity** | Understand that environments can be diverse, meaning that they are wide ranging and very different from each other. |
| **Development**  | : Understand that human development is where people change an environment to meet their needs. Understand there are different kinds of development including: farming, manufacturing (making things) and buildings (shops, houses, schools, hospitals). Understand that development is good for humans, but can sometimes damage the natural environmentcausing problems for the animals and vegetation |
| **Population**  | Understand that the population is the people or animals that live in a particular area. |
| **Terrain**  | Understand that the terrain is an area of land or a type of land when you are considering its physical features. Understand that a terrain is made up of landforms.  |
| **Sustainability** | Understand that sustainability is a way to use natural resources, without impacting negatively on the environment or causing resources to run out. Understand that sustainability is very important in protecting our planet for: animals, plants and future generations. |
| **Landform**  | Understand that a landform is a natural feature of the Earth's surface. Understand that landforms can be formed by tectonic plate movement (such as mountains and hills) and by erosion from water (such as valleys, cliffs and caves). |
| **Regions**  | Understand that a region is a large area of land containing many towns and villages that are typically thought of as one connected area. |
| **Trade**  | Understand that trade is the activity of buying, selling, or exchanging goods or services between people, firms, or countries. |
| **Resources**  | Understand natural resources are all the land, forests, energy sources and minerals existing naturally in a place that can be used by people. Understand that some of these natural resources are not renewable, meaning that if they aren’t used sustainably, they will run out. Understand that countries can have other resources that aren’t natural such as wealth and labour. |
| **Fertile**  | Understand that land or soil that is fertile is able to support the growth of a large number of strong healthy plants. Understand that plants and animals thrive in areas with fertile soil. Understand that fertile soil can be the result of volcanoes and rivers. |